









Agenda

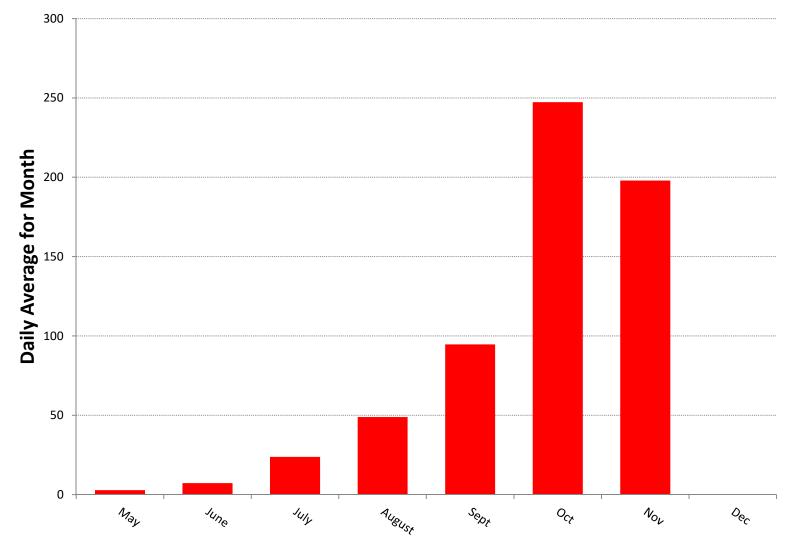
- 1. Introduction
- 2. What we have done
- 3. What we know and have observed
- 4. What we do not know
- 5. Control measures
- 6. Source of the problem
- 7. Penn State
- 8. Going forward
- 9. Discussion

What We Have Done

- 1. Collect home owner counts to profile the problem over time
- 2. Over 200 soil samples to determine if the source of the problem is internal to Harrogate
- 3. Monthly air sampling at 20 30 sites
- 4. Continuous air sampling at three sites
- 5. Ran a major test spraying the exterior of homes
- 6. Repellent tests
- 7. Homeowner interviews
- 8. Linked the problem to the mushroom farms

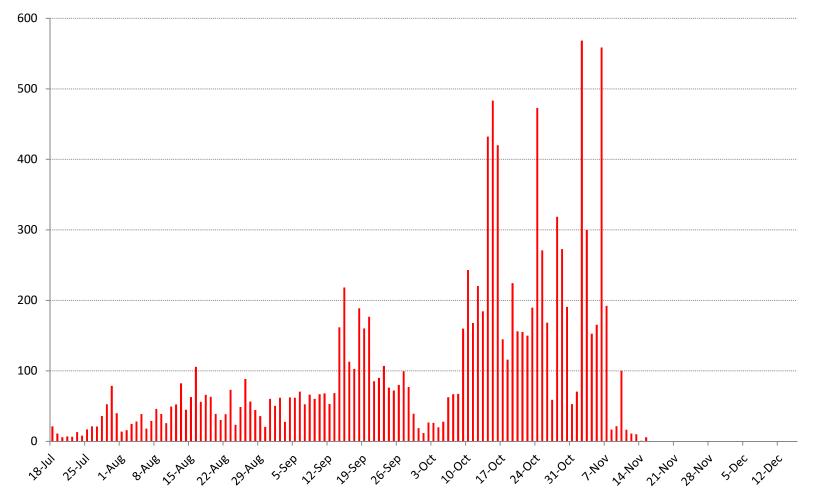
In Home Counts Are Increasing

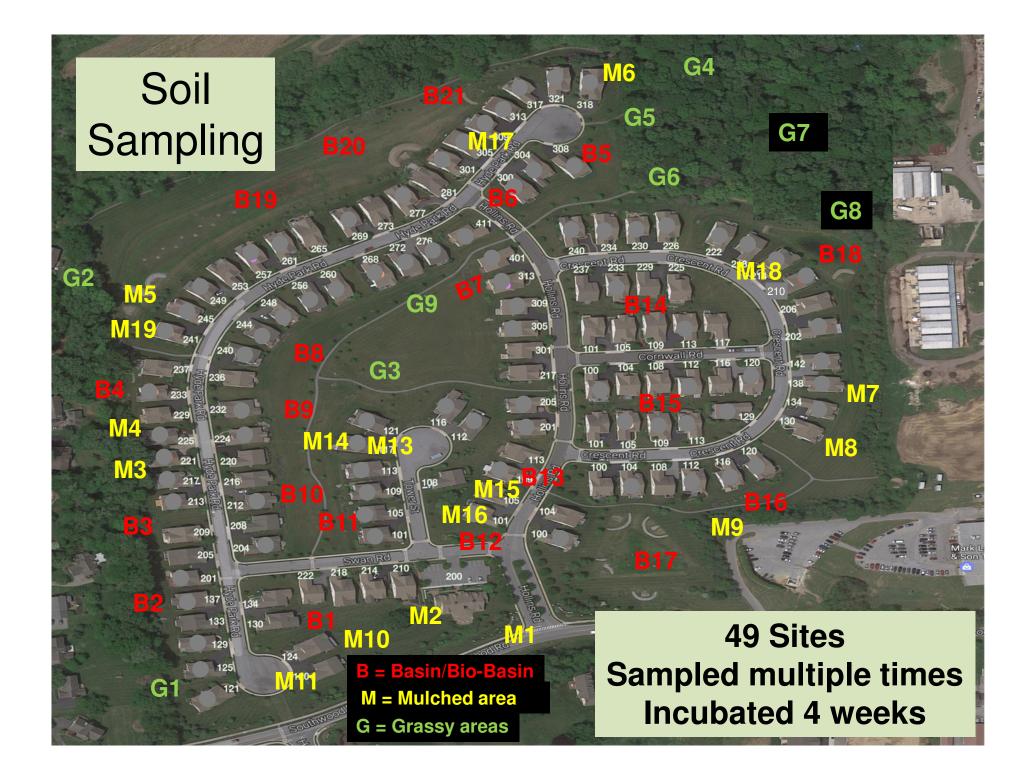
Monthly Average Phorid Counts For Multiple Homes

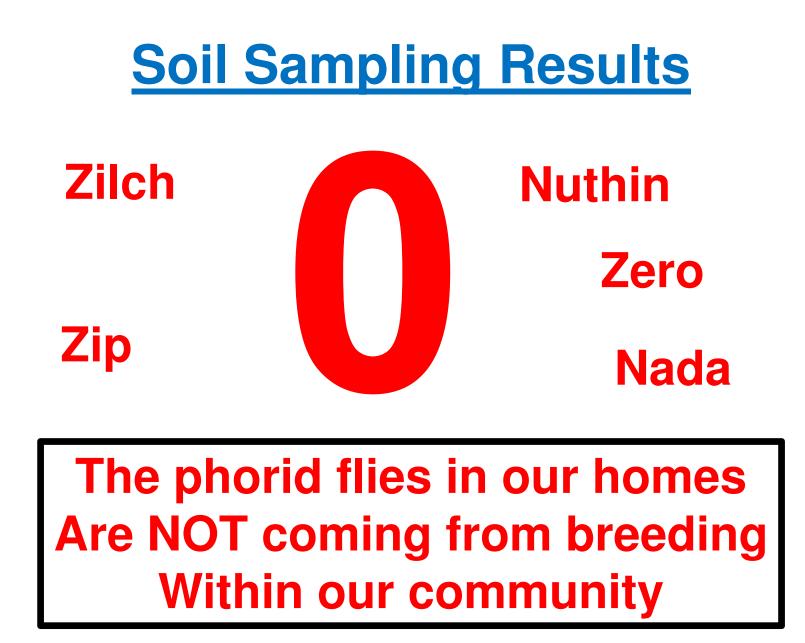


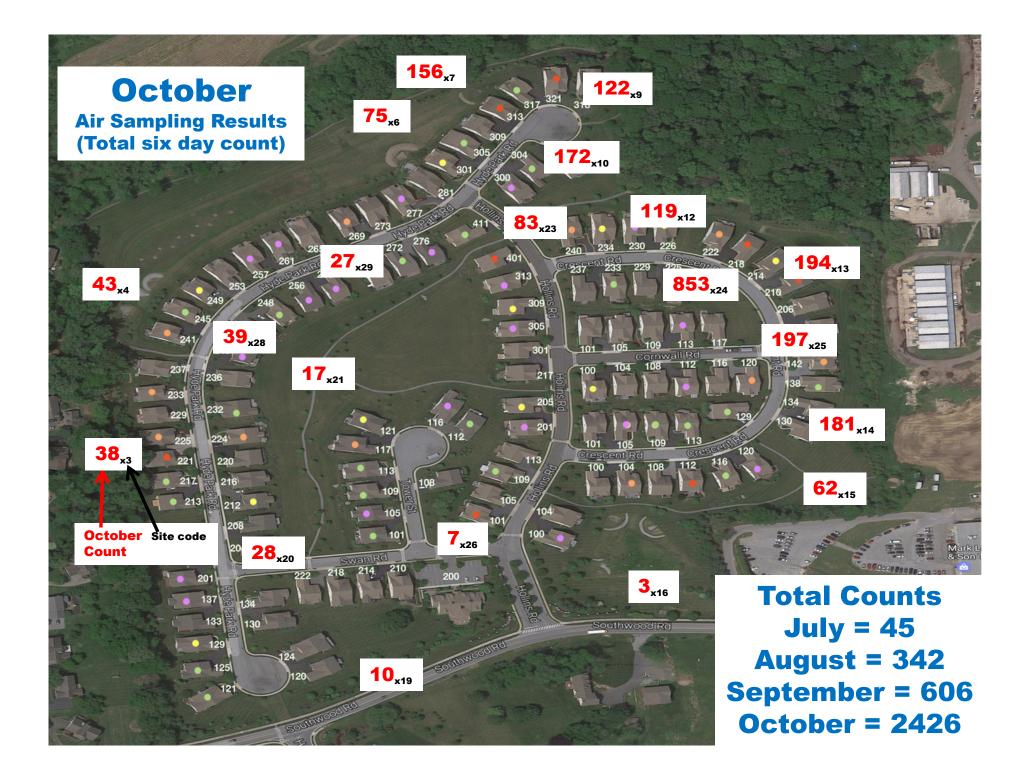
In Home Counts Vary A Lot

Average Daily Phorid Fly Count at Multiple Homes

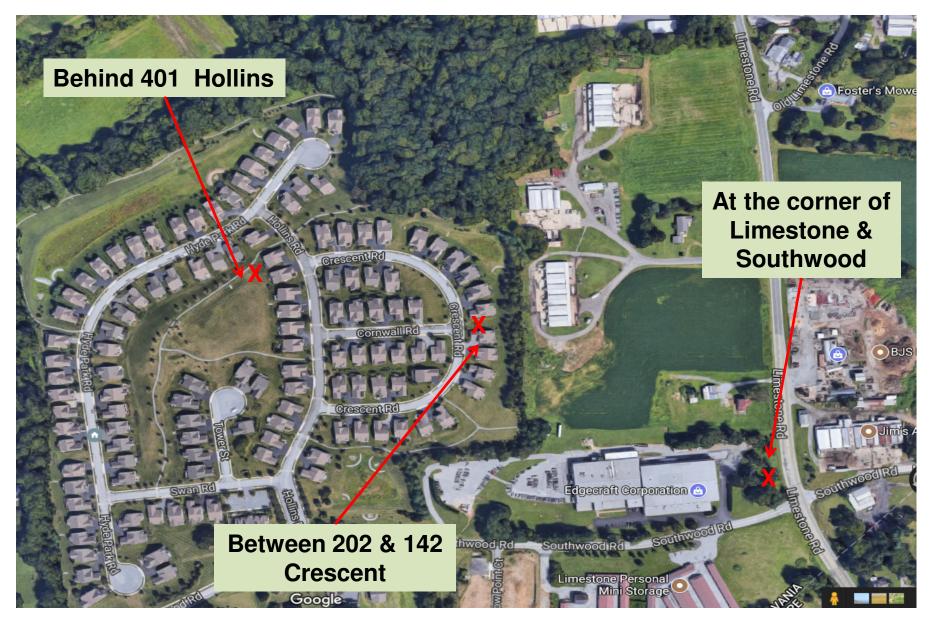




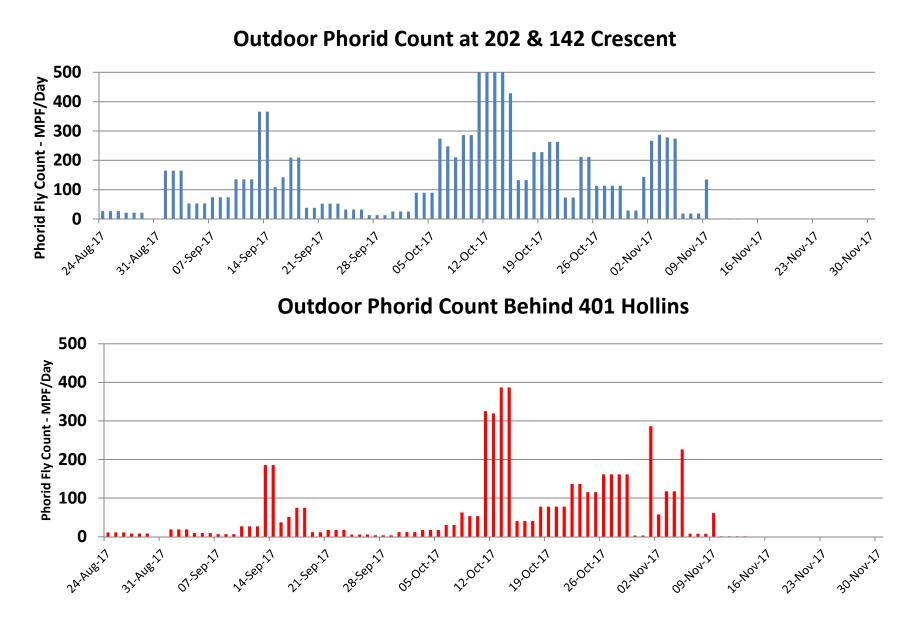




Three Continuous Air Sample Sites

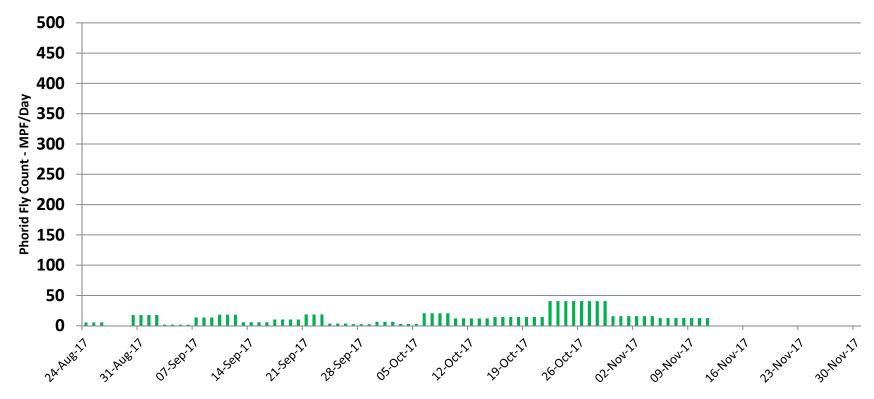


Results of Continuous Air Sampling



Results of Continuous Air Sampling

Outdoor Phorid Count at Southwood & Limestone

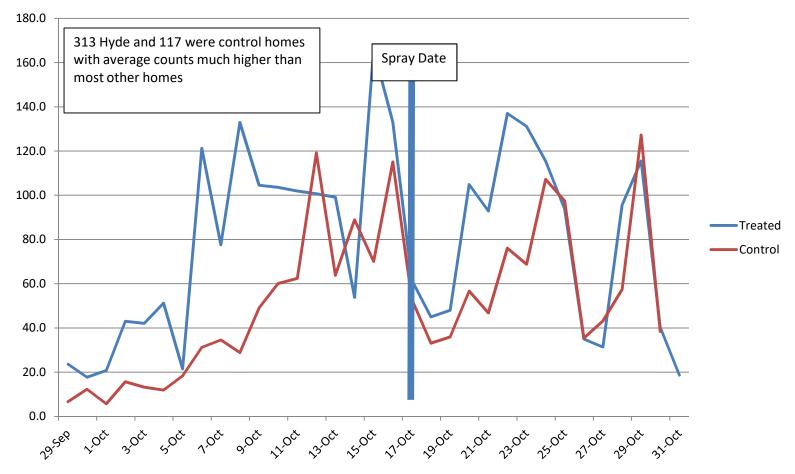


Spray Test

- Objective = determine if an insecticide can kill or block the phorid flies as they enter our homes
- 2. Large scale test of about 25 homes
- 3. 13 treated; the rest untreated
- 4. Wanted to see a big drop in the treated homes
- 5. Started with an 18 day "base line" period 29-Sept
- 6. Sprayed 13 homes on 17-Oct
- 7. Completed the test 13 days later on 31-Oct



Spray Test - Daily Average Counts without 117 Tower & 313 Hyde



Spray Test Comparisons (Numbers = Daily Counts)

Treated Homes

Control Homes

Home	Before	After		Home	Before	After
1xx Hyde	15	16		1xx Hyde	40	65
3xx Hyde	10	11	Little or No	2xx Hyde	66	63
3xx Hyde	18	34	Change	1xx Cornwal	I 69	50
1xx Cornwall 15		23	•	1xx Tower	170	191
				2xx Crescen	t 72	56
				2xx Crescen	t 1	3
2xx Hyde	63	193		2xx Hyde	75	116
2xx Hyde	64	241	Counts	2xx Hyde	83	130
2xx Hollins	108	191	Increase	3xx Hyde	11	59
				3xx Hyde	406	1353
2xx Crescent 394 230			Counts			
1xx Crescent 35		9	Drop			

Spray Test

- 1. Results:
 - A. Some sprayed homes went up, some stayed the same
 - B. Two sprayed homes saw some improvement
 - C. Some "control" homes went up, some stayed the same
- 2. Conclusion Bifenthrin does not provide good control, but it may help high count homes



- 1. Counts increase with time both indoors and outside
- 2. Indoor counts vary widely home to home
- 3. Spikes happen –indoors and outside follow in lockstep
- 4. Soil sampling ZERO phorid flies
- 5. Higher outdoor counts closer to the mushroom farms
- 6. Low counts at Southwood and Limestone

Team Observations

- 1. Wide variation in individual perceptions
- 2. Open doors and windows = high counts
- 3. Vacations generally mean low counts
- 4. They probably infiltrate our homes more than realized
- 5. Homeowner interviews showed no obvious differences between high and low count homes.

What We Do Not Know

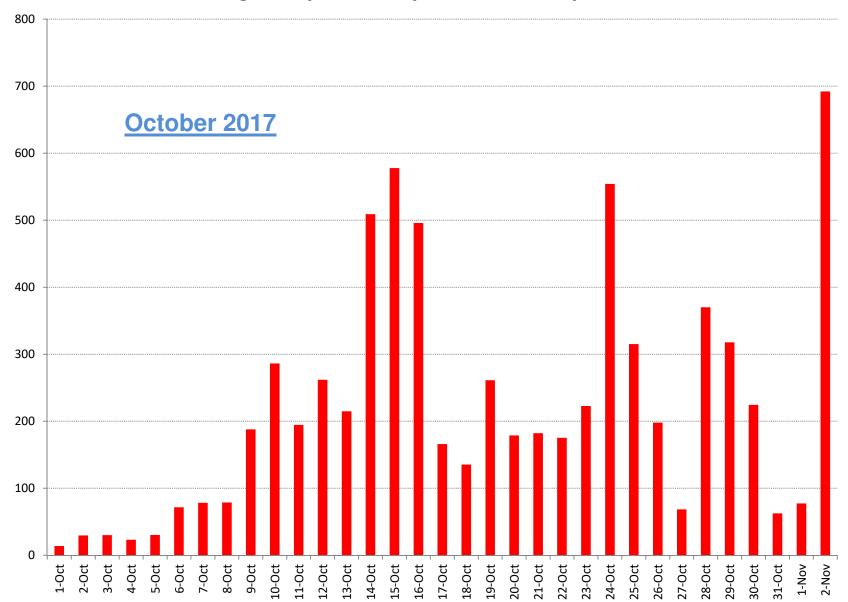
- 1. Why phorid flies enter our homes
- 2. How they enter our homes
- 3. Why individual homes are so different

Current Knowledge About Control

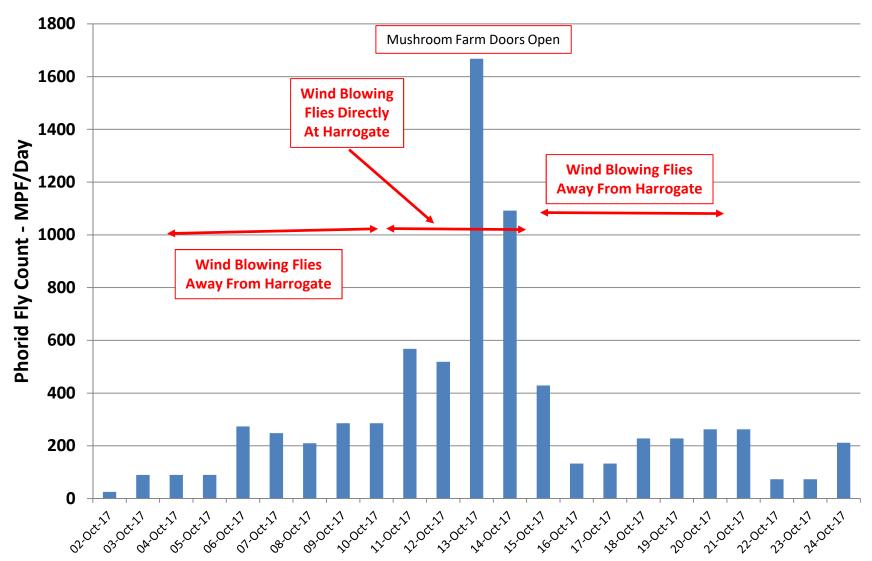
- 1. Fly lights are the best available technology
- 2. Exterior treatment with bifenthrin may reduce counts, but does not control phorid flies
- 3. Ditto Cedarcide PCO
- 4. Repellants have shown some reduction in counts, but do not provide good control of the problem

The Source of the Phorid Flies

It is the mushroom farms



Average Daily Phorid Fly Count at Multiple Homes



Outdoor Phorid Counts Between 202 & 142 Crescent

Phorid Fly "Attack" October 13 - 15, 2017



Phorid Fly "Attack" October 23, 2017



Mushroom Farm Activities During Phorid Fly "Attack" October 23, 2017



10:15 am Door Open

1:00 pm One side loaded second side ready

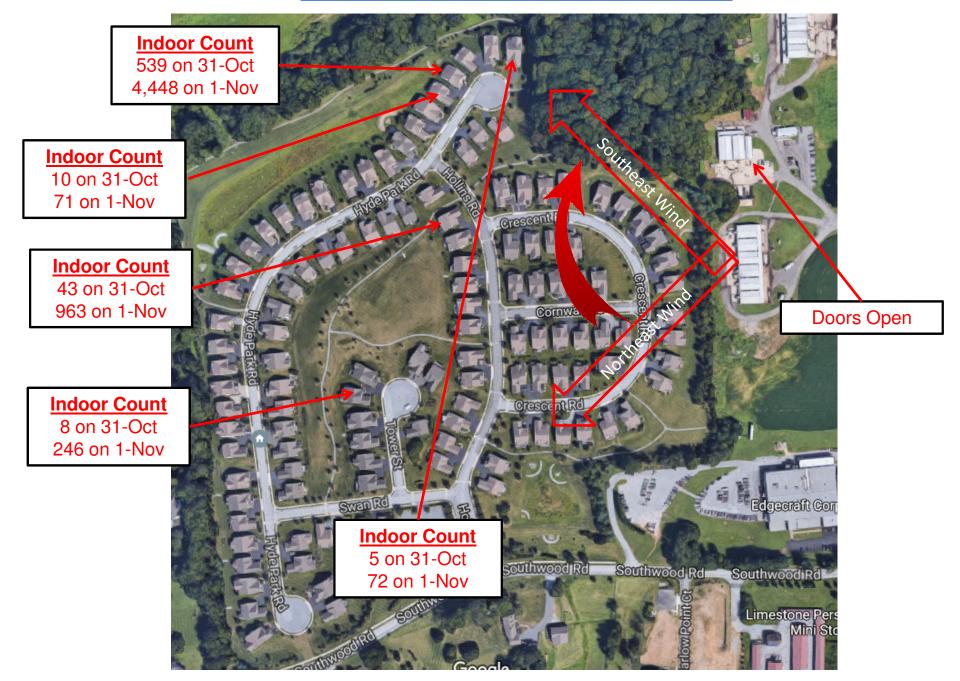


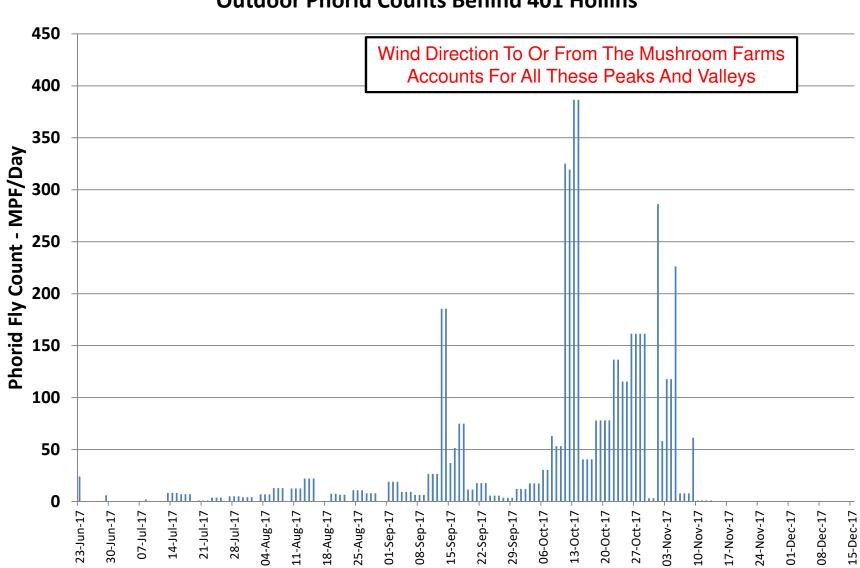


Next Day at 10:45 am operation complete



Phorid Fly "Attack" November 1, 2017





Outdoor Phorid Counts Behind 401 Hollins

The Source of the Phorid Flies

It is the mushroom farms



- 1. The fly population builds spring to fall
- 2. Wide variability in how homes are affected
- 3. The flies are coming from the mushroom farms
- 4. Insecticides or repellents may help but do not eliminate the problem
- 5. Two logical points of control
 - A. At the source a political issue
 - B. Where they are entering our homes if we knew where

Penn State Phorid Fly Management Research Strategies

- Use of biological pesticides to kill fly larvae in the mushroom soil.
- Use of eaves tubes to stop adult fly movement between adjacent rooms.
- Collect adult flies using mushroom house air circulation system.
- Attract adult flies using sex pheromones.



- 1. Spray test follow up residents of control homes will be contacted as to their wishes to have their homes sprayed
- 2. No means have been found at this time of completely eliminating the problem, just suppressing it.
 - Asking neighbors to share remedies they are using within their homes
- 3. No insecticides, repellents or anything else should be applied to the bio-basins or other common areas in the community.
- 4. The Board will define a policy regarding what can be sprayed and where it can be sprayed to manage Phorid Flies.
- 5. The Board will be scheduling a meeting with NGT representatives to present the findings of the Vetting Team.